THE [NUMB. 845.]

South-Carolina Gazette.

From MONDAY *July* 16th, to MONDAY *July* 23d, 1750.

In the present Scarcity of News, 'tis hoped the following Description of NOVA-SCOTIA, *will not be disagreeable to our Readers.—— 'Twas taken from a Pamphlet written by* OTIS LITTLE, *Esq; who has been in several Parts of that Country, and who affirms the French Descriptions of it are not faithfully given.*

NOVA-SCOTIA extends from North to South about 120 leagues, and from East to West about 100, comprehending all the land between Cape *Sable* and *Canso* on the South-East, and the river of St. *Lawrence* on the North-West; and besides its being equally commodious with *Newfoundland* for the fishery, its harbours are so numerous and fine, as not to be exceeded in any part of the world. It abounds with salmon, trout, eels, and several other sorts of fresh-water fish, and there is plenty of wild fowl of different sorts; its woods are stocked with deer, rabbits, and an uncommon variety of furr'd animals; its soil is very fertile, producing all kinds of grain, and provisions; the country is covered with ash, beech, elm, firs, maple, cedar, and pines fit for naval uses, and abounds with lime-stones and fine quarries for building.

It will soon be in the power of the settlers here to support themselves, for in clearing and subduing their lands, they will be paid for their labour, by converting the produce into ship-timber, planks, masts, deal boards, shingles, staves and hoops; all which may be carried from their plantations to market, by vessels that will supply them with horses, cattle, swine, and other necessaries, to stock their improved lands.

With these advantages, 'tis easy to foresee how soon it is practicable to bring forward new settlements in a *country*, which is so well furnished with supplies, and is so near *Boston*, a market that will always take off their produce, and soon enable them to raise their provisions, to build their houses, and stock their plantations, and in a few years to export many valuable commodities in vessels of their own. The *country* is every where apt to produce the best of flax, and in many places is natural for hemp, both which are articles of very great consequence to this kingdom.

And, lastly, it will enable them to secure the cod-fishery to this kingdom, by making it more beneficial and extensive than it ever has been, as the proceeds of their voyages will be remitted to *England* in cash, and the demand for fresh supplies of its commodities will be increased, and its finest nursery for seamen enlarged.

As the country also abounds with pines and firs, it will be capable of supplying this kingdom with the finest deal boards and timber of all kinds, in vessels of its own, which are now imported from *Norway*, the *Baltic*, *&c.* in *foreign* bottoms, and drain the nation of immense sums of money.

On the south side of the bay of *Fundy*, 12 leagues from the entrance, lies the gut of *Annapolis*, which is about three quarters of a mile wide, and a mile and a half long, on each of which the land is very mountainous and rocky; the tides are so impetuous, as often to render this a dangerous passage for large vessels, but when they are once in, a most delightful harbour presents itself to view, called the bason of *Annapolis*, being about 3 leagues in length from N. E. to S. W. and two in width, with safe and commodious anchorage in most parts of it for all the ships of *England*; on its South side are two small rivers, and the land is mountainous and rocky; on the N. E. side a little island forms the entrance of *Annapolis* river, which continues navigable for large vessels on that course about ten leagues.

At the mouth of this river are several small villages, from whence 'tis about *two* short leagues to *Annapolis Royal*, which stands on a point of land, formed by this, and another small river that ranges about S. E. The situation of this fortress being elevated *sixty* or *seventy* feet above the level of the river, and standing on its bank, renders an attack from ships almost impracticable; for the strength of the tides makes it very difficult for them to moor, unless it be in the eddy or counter tide, which brings them too near the shore to do any execution. As it is situate on a level with the *campain*, there is nothing to prevent the regular approaches of an *enemy* on two sides of the garison; it is mounted with about *forty* cannon on *four bastions*, and has a battery to command the river; its *ramparts* are of earth, covered with large stocks of timber towards the *fosse*; and it might make a good defence, were its powder *magazine* bomb-proof, which is doubted; and as several of the other *magazines* and *barracks* are built of timber, the garison might easily be burnt out. Upon both sides of this river, several pleasant villages are scattered for *thirty* miles, containing about 300 families.

On the S.E. side of the bay of *Fundy*, about 30 leagues from the entrance of *Annapolis*, is the bay of *Minas*, or *Mines*, from the report of some valuable mines having been discovered in its neighbourhood, being *twelve* leagues long, and about *three* in width, into which the river *Canard*, *Cavbegat*, *Piscgat*, and some others discharge themselves.

On the northern branch of *Fundy* bay, are several villages, and about 3 leagues up a narrow and deep river, stands the town of *Chignecto*; here are about 200 families, the country are very healthy and pleasant, surrounded with fine meadows, which on its West side are more extensive than any thing of the kind in this part of the world, and abounds with rivers, that at high-water are navigable for large vessels; to the Northward of this place, runs the most rapid, and the longest branch of the bay of *Fundy*, about N. N. E. into the main land, which the *French* now call *Gaspasia*, on which are some small villages, but, by reason of the badness of its navigation, they are very little known. North from the entry of *Annapolis* lies the fine river of St. *John*, with a capacious road for ships at its entrance; on the North side of which is a narrow streight, not a pistol shot over, thro' which there is no passing but at the top of the tide, when the water is upon a level; at other times the fall is so considerable, especially at low water, as to make a descent of near 30 feet, being lined on both sides by a solid rock, and having more than *forty* fathom of water in its middle. This river spreads itself about half a mile in width, and with a gentle current towards its outlet admits of a delightful navigation for large ships 50 or 60 miles into the country, and much farther for small vessels; from its several branches the *Indians* traverse this part of the continent, by transporting their *canoes* by land across some short spaces, call'd by them *carrying places*: Here are no more than 3 or 4 *French* families; the forces from *New-England* having destroyed all their settlements in the last war, most of the inhabitants removed to the other side of the bay.

A few leagues further Westward are several fine harbours, among which is harbour *l'Etang*, so called from its resemblance of a pond, as it is surrounded with highlands, its entry being deep, narrow, and free from danger, and its surface always unruffled; this is near the river St. *Croix*, the Western boundary of the province, from whence, to new *Hampshire*, the sea coast is covered with islands, that almost form a continued harbour for near 200 miles.

From the entrance into the bay of *Fundy* to Cape *Sable*, there are several fine rivers and harbours, and two small villages; from Cape *Sable*, so called from the sand banks on its shore, to *Canso*, the islands and harbours are so numerous as not to admit of either description or naming, the most considerable of which are *Chebucto*, *Malegoss*, *Port Rossignol*, *Port Mutton*, *Port le Have*, *Port Razoir*, *Liscombes Harbour*, &c. and *Canso*, which at present serve only as a retreat to fishing vessels, and others in bad weather, or to

wood

wood and water; a few ſtraggling ſavages, who ſhift their habitations as the ſeaſons for fiſhing and hunting vary, are the only inhabitants on this extenſive coaſt.

From *Canſo*, a navigable ſtreight, called from it the *Gut of Canſo*, ſevers the iſland of *Cape-Breton* from the continent, and leads into the bay of *St Lawrence*, on the S. W. ſide of which is *Tatamagauche* a very good harbour, where the *French* formerly received their ſupplies of cattle and proviſions from the *Nova Scotians* for *Louiſbourg*, and it is one of the ſafeſt and ſhorteſt communications they can have with theſe inhabitants; from hence about 10 leagues N. W. lies the bay of *Vert*, on which, and all the Eaſtern ſide of the province, as far as the mouth of *Canada* river, lie a great variety of fine rivers and harbours, very little known to us, as no perſon has ever been employed by the government to attempt a particular diſcovery of them.

In the bays of *Minas*, *Chegnecto*, and their ſeveral branches, are millions of acres that were never yet improved; they are often overflowed by ſpring tides, but, when ploughed up, produce all kinds of grain, and when fallow'd run into fine graſs. The land, by reaſon of its natural richneſs, requires very little manuring, and is not only eaſy of tillage, but affords a beautiful proſpect.

The highlands, which commonly lie near the ſea coaſt, and the ſides of the bay of *Fundy*, are rocky, and covered chiefly with firs, but produce plenty of graſs when brought under cultivation; the level country is covered with ſeveral other kinds of wood uſeful in building, and when ſubdued and fitted for tillage, diſcover a fine rich mold, producing all things in perfection that are natural to the climate. And this will ſerve for a general deſcription of the province, for altho' ſome parts of the Cape *Sable* and *Canſo* ſhores are rocky, and unfit for tillage, they are intermixed with valuable tracts of low-lands, navigable rivers, and a great number of iſlands, where fiſh may be taken all the year round, as the harbours are ſeldom obſtructed with ice.

Mr. *Little* proceeds to point out ſeveral places, which it will be proper to fortify, makes ſome ingenious remarks on trade, and ſhews that the introduction of proteſtants to people *Nova Scotia*, will greatly overbalance the expence, and *exceed all the real and imaginary advantages* that have been ſuggeſted to reſult from the poſſeſſion of *Cape-Breton*, which iſland, he ſhews *to be barren, inconvenient, and of much leſs value.*

In order to rival the *French* in the *cod fiſhery*, 'tis neceſſary to confine them to the limits ſtipulated by the treaty of *Utrecht*, which will exclude them from all the banks of *Nova Scotia*; and it does not appear by that, nor any other treaty, that they have a right to fiſh to the Southward of Cape *Bonaviſta* on *Newfoundland*, between whoſe banks and the former there are no others of any note or conſequence.

The iſle of *Sable*, and Cape *Sable* banks on this coaſt are ſo commodiouſly ſituated, as to admit of a fine fiſhery in the winter whenever the country is ſettled and ſtocked with proviſions: At preſent the fiſhermen from *New England* make three fairs here in a year, the firſt of which in *March* is worth both the other, as the fiſh taken then exceed any in the world; and if they could be landed and cured in the winter months, five fairs might be yearly made inſtead of three, and the two additional ones equal to the beſt of the former, which would in a few years be of more conſequence to *Great-Britain*, than any thing the *French* are capable of proſecuting to ſupport their rivalſhip.

CHARLES-TOWN, July 23.

Yeſterday Morning died, univerſally lamented, in the 51ſt Year of his Age, Mr. BENJAMIN SAVAGE: A Gentleman many Years eminent in the Mercantile Way, (by which he had acquired a large Fortune with Honour and Reputation) and valuable for the many good Qualities that rendered him beloved by all who had the Pleaſure of his Acquaintance.

CUSTOM-HOUSE CHARLES-TOWN, *Enter'd Inwards.*

Sloop Henry, Benjamin Dickinſon, from Jamaica.

Entered Outwards. none

Clear'd for Departure.

Snow Chatty, William Reed, to Poole.

Schooner St. Joſeph, Patrick Gallagher, to Providence.
Sloop Anne & Elizabeth, Thomas Duke, for Jamaica.
Sloop Three Siſters, John Frazier, to Cape-Fear.

EXPORTED *from this Place, ſince the firſt of* November *laſt.*
(Of the Growth and Manufacture of this Province.)

Rice, 47,215 Barrels, 546 Half ditto, and 355 Bags.	Tarr, 3,556 Barrels.
	Turpentine, 595 Barrels.
	Deer-Skins, 321 Hhds.
Pitch, 9,977 Barrels.	Indico, 83,098 *lb.*

PRICE CURRENT at CHARLES-TOWN,
(Of the Country Growth and Manufacture.)

Rice per Cent. 70 *ſ.*	Pine Plank, *per* C. *Feet*, 3 *l.*
Pitch to 70 *ſ.*	Cypreſs ditto, *none.*
Tar, 45 *ſ.*	Pine Scantling, 3 *l.*
Turpentine, 15 *ſ.*	Cypreſs ditto, *none.*
Rozin, 12 *ſ.*	Pine Inch Boards, 35 *ſ.*
Pork, 9 *l.*	Cypreſs ditto, *none.*
Beef, *per* Barrel, 5 *l.*	Pine Featheredge, 30 *ſ.*
Cypreſs Shingles, 4 *l. per* M.	Cypreſs ditto, *nons.*
Bricks, 5 *l.*	Deer-Skins, *per lb.* 14 *ſ.*
Pipe Staves, *per* M. *none.*	Good Indico, 17 *ſ.* 9 to 20 *l.*
Barrel ditto, white Oak, *none.*	Tang'd Leather, 3 *ſ.*
Ditto, red Oak, *none.*	Corn, *per* Buſhel, 15 *ſ.*
Hogſhead ditto, *none.*	Peaſe, 15 *ſ.*

Mr. *Timothy*, *Charles-Town, July* 2d, 1750.

I HAVE enquired the Price of good merchantable Flour, and find it to be at 4 *l.* 10 *s. per Cent.* I am *Yours, &c.*

JOHN DART, Commiſſary-General.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subſcriber, (living at the lower end of *Elliott-ſtreet* near Mr. *Gadſden*'s) will ſell the COUNTRY-PRODUCE, on the common Commiſſions; and has to diſpoſe of, a new deck'd SCHOONER, well fitted, that will carry 180 Barrels of Pitch, alſo RUM, SUGAR and MELASSES, in large or ſmall Quantities.

WILLIAM LLOYD.

N.B. The ſaid *Lloyd* is in want of a Boy to ſerve in a Shop.

To be Let, the houſe wherein I now live, in *Broad ſtreet* having two rooms on each floor, in all ſix fire places, and an oven, with a good cellar, three ſtores backward, and a good well never dry. Alſo, a brick houſe in *Colleton*'s-ſquare, the corner next to Capt. *Walker*'s, having ſix rooms and four fire places, two good cellars, a piazza each half round the houſe, a large yard, and a very large garden, with a kitchen and well, ſeveral fruit trees in the garden that have already borne; and ſome grape vines of the beſt ſort. Any perſon inclining to rent either of the above houſes, may treat with *Gabriel Guignard.*

Who has a large quantity of orange-trees to ſell.

Any perſon that has ten or more able hands, and no land to employ them on, may be adviſed by Mr. *Joſeph Moody* of *Charles-Town*, where he may put them on equal ſhares, on a good rice plantation.

EDWARD HOWARD of *Williamſourgh*, informs me that a bay horſe, about 14 hands high, without any fleſh marks, branded on the near thigh with 3C croſſing one another, and about 8 or 9 years old: Alſo a ſmall black mare, about 13 hands high, branded on the near buttock very high E, and on the off ſhoulder +S, keep in his clear ground. The owner or owners may have them, on proving the property; and paying reaſonable charges. *William Fleming*, J.P.

Tolled before me, a white gelding, about 14 hands high, branded on the mounting buttock IC, taken up by *Thomas Jones* cowpen-keeper; as alſo by *Gavin Pew*, in the fork of *Ediſto-River*, a bright bay gelding, about 14 hands high, with a ſmall ſnip on his noſe, the off hind foot white, branded on the mounting ſhoulder HO. The owners muſt prove their property before *John Chevillette*, T.M.

A parcel of myrtle-wax candles, to be ſold very reaſonable, by a perſon that intends to depart the province ſoon. Enquire at Mrs. *Taylor*'s in one of Mrs. *Dupuy*'s houſes.

Rates aſcertained for carriage of all goods and commodities from any of the wharffs or bridges before the bay of CHARLES TOWN, *viz.*

TO any part of *Church-ſtreet* and other places leading thereto, between the bridge that leads to Mr. *Eveleigh's*, and the new bridge that leads to *Colleton's* ſquare, for every cord of wood, load of boards, plank, timber and bricks, computing 500 feet of inch or other boards, plank and timber in proportion, and 500 bricks, to a load, FIVE SHILLINGS currency.

If over the bridge and to *White-Point*, or over the bridge and to *Colleton's* ſquare on a parallel with *Church-ſtreet*, SEVEN SHILLINGS & SIX PENCE and for every load of lime, TWO PENCE per buſhel.

To any part of *Meeting-ſtreet*, and other places leading thereto, between the bridge that leads to Mr. *Hopton's* and the bridge near Capt. *Simmons*, SEVEN SHILLINGS & SIX PENCE.

And lime THREE PENCE per buſhel.

To *King-ſtreet* and all other parts of the town not herein before-mentioned, TEN SHILLINGS.

And lime for FOUR PENCE per buſhel.

To the *Barracks*, TWELVE SHILLINGS & SIX PENCE.

For every load of gun powder to and from the *Magazine*, FIFTEEN SHILLINGS.

For a full load of any other kind of goods (if a full load is required) at the like rates as for wood.

And for ſhingles to any part of the town, FIVE SHILLINGS per thouſand. *Gabriel Manigault, Benjamin Smith, Thomas Smith, George Seaman.*

THE ſubſcriber hereby gives notice, that he is removed from *Tradd-ſtreet*, to the houſe wherein Meſſrs. *Kenneth & Benjamin Mickie* lately dwelt on the *Bay*, and has an aſſortment of goods proper for the ſeaſon, alſo good bar iron and *CLARET* in bottles, to be diſpos'd of on the moſt reaſonable terms, by

Solomon Milner.

A large aſſortment of freſh drugs, chemical and galenical medicines, alſo an aſſortment of freſh family medicines, ſuch as are uſually imported into this province, collected carefully from the original preparers, imported in the lateſt veſſels from *London*, and are to be ſold wholeſale or retail, at the very loweſt prices, by *William Brisbane & John Murray*, at their old ſhop in *Church-ſtreet*. Medicine boxes with printed directions for plantations, to be made up as formerly.

N.B. Gentlemen in the country may depend on being ſupplied with the very beſt of medicines, and having their commiſſions anſwered in the ſpeedieſt and carefulleſt manner.

To be Sold by the ſubſcriber, and deliver'd the 1ſt of *December* next, a plantation in *Goose-Creek* pariſh, very pleaſantly ſituated upon the creek, containing 730 acres, with a very good landing; and is very good land, well timbered, with a new houſe and out-houſes, and a good ſtock of cattle that has been through the diſtemper. One or two years credit will be given, paying lawful intereſt, and giving good ſecurity if required: The purchaſer may alſo have all ſorts of proviſions on the ſpot.

Alſo, a houſe in two tenements, and the houſe I now live in, upon the conditions above-mentioned.

This is at the ſame time finally to require all perſons indebted to me (who have paid no regard to my former advertiſements) to diſcharge the ſame immediately; and to acquaint them that otherwiſe they muſt be put to expence and trouble, contrary to the inclination of *John Martini.*

A white horſe, branded on the off ſhoulder and near buttock IP with a diamond between: A bay gelding, branded on the ſhoulder and buttock EU: A black gelding, with one eye, branded on the ſhoulder 5S, and on the buttock dd joined at the top. Any perſon claiming any of the above creatures, may apply to *John Skene.*

To be Sold by the ſubſcriber, a plantation on *Wadmelaw-Iſland*, pleaſantly ſituated upon *Bohicket*-creek, containing 200 acres; there is upon it a good dwelling-houſe and out-houſes, a good paſture, and plantation under fence. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply to me on the ſaid plantation.

Samuel Shaddock, ſen.

To be Sold by the ſubſcriber, at his houſe in *Meeting-ſtreet*, a well fitted one horſe chaiſe, butter, milk and water biſket in quarter-caſks, at moſt reaſonable rates; and fine flour lately imported from *Philadelphia*, by *Alexander McGregor.*

To be Sold by the ſubſcribers, truſtees, for the public, of the eſtate of *Alexander Parris*, Eſq; late public treaſurer of this province, deceaſed, at the uſual place of public ſales in *Charles Town*, on friday the 17th day of *Auguſt* next, at 11 o' clock in the forenoon, nine valuable town-lots of land in the town of *Beaufort*, *Port-Royal*, *viz.* The lots number'd 5, 30, 27, 63, 64, 66, 82, 86, and 301. The purchaſer may have credit to the 17th day of *February* next, paying intereſt and giving ſecurity.

CHARLES PINCKNEY, GABRIEL MANIGAULT.

Purſuant to an act of the general aſſembly of this province intituled, *an act for the better relief of the poor of this province*, impowering the veſtry and church-wardens of any pariſh, to aſſeſs the inhabitants thereof, any ſum or ſums of money as is wanted to reimburſe the church-wardens the money they have expended for the relief of the poor: AND WHEREAS the church-wardens and veſtry of the pariſh of *St. Thomas*, did, on *Tueſday* the 3d *July* 1750, aſſeſs the inhabitants thereof, in the ſum of *one ſhilling* and *five pence* on each ſlave, the like ſum for every 100 acres of land within this pariſh, and *eight pence half penny* for every hundred pounds at intereſt, in order to defray the expence of the ſaid pariſh for the year by paſt. THIS is therefore to deſire all perſons concerned, *reſidents* or *non-reſidents*, to pay their reſpective proportions of the ſaid aſſeſſments, on or before the 20th day of *Auguſt* next, to Meſſrs. *Andrew Hoſell*, *David Fogartie* and *Robert Daniel*, or either of them, they being appointed collectors of the ſame, or elſe they may expect executions out againſt them.

Stephen Hartley,
Thomas Aſhby, jun. } Church-Wardens.

Whereas ſundry *Palatines* have lately deſerted from me *Archibald Crawford*, commander of the ſhip *Friend's-Goodwill*, being indebted for freight of goods and for their paſſage from *London* to *Charles-Town*; and who, on default of payment for ſaid freight and paſſage, are here liable to be ſold as ſervants: This is therefore to warn all ſuch *Palatines*, who were paſſengers in the ſaid ſhip and have ſo deſerted, that in caſe, they left any cheſts, boxes, caſes, cloaths, or other goods of any kind, belonging to them, in my cuſtody; I am now willing and ready, and by my attorney or ſelf, ſhall, in this town, be willing and ready for the ſpace of two months after date, to give up to the owners all ſuch cheſts, goods, *&c.* left in my cuſtody, they paying me, or my attorney here, for the paſſage of their perſons and freight of their goods from *London* hither: And that on failing ſo to do, within the ſaid ſpace of two months after date, all ſuch cheſts, goods, *&c.* will then be ſold to the beſt bidder at *Publick Outcry*, towards ſatisfying my demands againſt the ſaid owners. *June* 4th, 1750.

Archibald Crawford.

Mr. *Marmaduke Aiſh*, ſadler, of *Charles-Town*, born *Sept.* 1ſt, 1701, in the pariſh of *North Petherton* in the county of *Somerſet*, departed this life *June* 25th 1750, in the 49th year of his age, was decently buried at the pariſh church of *St. Philip Charles-Town*, and left, by his laſt will and teſtament *Hopton Price*, *William Yeomans*, and *William Harvey*, executors

THESE are therefore to deſire all perſons that have any demands on the deceaſed's eſtate, to ſend in their accompts to *William Yeomans* in *Charles-Town*; and all perſons that are indebted to the ſaid eſtate, to pay the ſame immediately to ſaid *Yeomans*, there being ſeveral preſſing demands on the ſaid *Aiſh's* eſtate, ſo it can't be expected to give any further notice.

THERE's to be ſold, at public vendue, at the ſaid deceaſed *Aiſh's* ſhop in *Charles-Town*, on the firſt wedneſday in *Auguſt* next, being the 1ſt day of ſaid month, the ſhop-goods of the ſaid *Aiſh*, conſiſting of ſadles ready made, a large quantity of ſadle trees, with an aſſortment of ſadlery wares.

A light bay horſe, taken up by Mr. *John Mayrant*, with ſome gray hairs about his rump, about 13 hands and an half high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder RI, and on the buttock FR in one, the back of the F joining the R. Alſo, a yearling mare, having no brand, pretty grey. Whoever owns ſaid horſe and mare, may have them again, proving their property before me, and paying the lawful charges. *John Gendron.*

Brought to me this 13th day of *May*, 1750, by *Stephen Townſiger*, jun. a ſmall black gelding, about 12 hands high, branded thus WR on his thigh on the mounting ſide. Whoever can prove a juſt property to ſaid horſe, may have him, paying neceſſary charges, and applying to *James Alin.*